編輯說明

- 一、民國36年臺灣省政府為加強林業管理設置「林產管理局」;民國49年奉省府令改制為「林務局」,設6個組及13個林區管理處,隨業務擴充,陸續增設工務所、救火隊及森林遊樂區等。民國78年7月1日由事業機關奉令改制為公務機關,由原有之13個林區管理處裁併為8個林區管理處;另為森林資源調查及基本圖之測製,設一農林航空測量所。民國88年配合省府組織調整,改隸行政院農業委員會,並自民國93年1月30日起承接農委會林業處森林科及保育科業務。為推動阿里山林業鐵路及其周邊文化資產管理處」。民國107年7月1日設立「阿里山林業鐵路及其度產至永續發展,民國107年7月1日設立「阿里山林業鐵路及其份資產管理處」。民國112年8月1日,配合行政院推動林政業務一元化,整併國軍退除役官兵輔導委員會「榮民森林保育事業管理處」,查東、 在董、宣蘭等地區分署、航測及遙測分署、阿里山林業鐵路及文化資產管理處。林業及自然保育署組織法於2023年5月16日經立法院三讀通過,總統於5月31日公佈,行政院自同年7月13日施行,正式成為我國林業及自然資源管理之專責機關。
- 二、本刊共11章:(一)森林資源、(二)造林、(三)保林、(四)防砂治水及林道、 (五)自然保育、(六)社區林業、(七)林產處分、(八)森林遊樂、(九)林業鐵路、(十)木材供銷、(十一)員工人數。
- 三、 本刊部分統計表以區域分項,區劃如下:
 - 北部:宜蘭分署、新竹分署、新北市、臺北市、桃園市、宜蘭縣、新竹縣、 基隆市、新竹市、連江縣、森林保育處、林業試驗所。
 - 中部:臺中分署、南投分署、臺中市、苗栗縣、彰化縣、南投縣、雲林縣、 金門縣、臺灣大學實驗林管理處、中興大學實驗林管理處、臺灣大 學附設山地實驗農場。
 - 南部: 嘉義分署、屏東分署、阿里山林業鐵路及文化資產管理處、臺南市、 高雄市、嘉義縣、屏東縣、澎湖縣、嘉義市、農田水利署嘉南管理 處。
 - 東部:臺東分署、花蓮分署、臺東縣、花蓮縣。
- 四、 本刊中凡事實不詳者,均以「…」表示之,無該項事實者以「-」表示之, 數值不及半單位者以「0」表示之。
- 五、本刊各表動態資料係以1月1日至12月31日為起訖日期,靜態資料係以12月31日為準。
- 六、 本刊加用英文附註,以便於國外人士參考。
- 七、 本刊資料來自林業相關機關、直轄市及各縣市政府提供,如有錯誤或遺漏,尚 析相關單位及讀者不吝指正,以資補正。
- 八、 本刊各項數字如與前期所列有出入者,係經修正數字,請均以本刊為準。

INTRODUCTORY NOTES

- 1. In 1947, in order to strengthen forestry management, the Taiwan Provincial Government established the Forestry Administration Division. In 1960, the organization was restructured by order of the Taiwan Provincial Government and renamed the Forestry Bureau. It established six divisions and 13 forest district offices. With the expansion of its duties, additional facilities such as engineering offices, firefighting units, and forest recreation areas were gradually established. Since July 1, 1989, the Forestry Bureau has become a government budgeted administrative agency. The original 13 forest districts were reorganized into 8 forest district offices. For forest resources survey and aerial photogrammetry, this bureau has set up the Aerial Survey Office. In 1999, Following the promulgation of the Provisional Statute for the Reorganization of Taiwan Provincial Government, the Bureau was placed under the central government as the Forestry Bureau of the Council of Agriculture, Executive Yuan., and the bureau took over responsibilities from the Forestry Department's Forestry and Conservation Divisions since January 30, 2004. To promote sustainable development of the Alishan Forest Railway and surrounding cultural assets, the Alishan Forest Railway and Cultural Heritage Office was established on July 1, 2018. On August 1, 2023, to streamline forest governance, the Forestry Bureau merged with the Forest Conservation and Management Administration of Veterans Affairs Council and was restructured into the Forestry and Nature Conservation Agency (FANCA), with subordinate branches, including Hsinchu, Taichung, Nantou, Chiayi, Pingtung, Taitung, Hualien, and Yilan regional branches, Aerial Survey and Remote Sensing Branch, and Alishan Forest Railway and Cultural Heritage Office. The Organic Act of the Forestry and Nature Conservation Agency was passed by the Legislative Yuan on May 16, 2023, promulgated by the President on May 31, and came into effect on July 13. This restructuring formally established the agency as the central authority for forestry and natural resources management in Taiwan.
- 2. This book includes the following eleven parts:
 - (1) Forest Resources
 - (2) Reforestation and Afforestation
 - (3) Forest Protection
 - (4) Hillside Stabilization, Disaster Prevention & Forest Road
 - (5) Nature Conservation

- (6) Community Forestry
- (7) Disposal of Forest Products
- (8) Forest Recreation
- (9) Forest Railway
- (10) Timber Supply and Sale
- (11) Number of Employee
- 3. Some tables in this publication are categorized by region as follows:

District	Agency & Area
North	Yilan Branch, Hsinchu Branch, New Taipei City, Taipei City, Taoyuan City,
	Yilan County, Hsinchu County, Keelung city, Hsinchu City, Lienchiang
	County, F. C. M. A., Forestry Research Institute
Middle	Taichung Branch, Nantou Branch, Taichung City, Miaoli County, Changhua
	County, Nantou County, Yunlin County, Kinmen County, NTU
	Experimental F.O., NCHU Experimental F.O., NTU Experimental U.F.
South	Chiayi Branch, Pingtung Branch, Alishan Forest Railway and Cultural
	Heritage Office, Tainan City, Kaohsiung City, Chiayi County, Pingtung
	County, Penghu County, Chiayi City, Chianan Management Office of
	Irrigation Agency.
East	Taitung Branch, Hualien Branch, Taitung County, Hualien County

- 4. The following symbols are used: "···" for figure not available, "-" for none, "0" for less than a half unit value.
- 5. The dynamic data began from Jan. 1 to the end of the year. The static data were based on the end of the year.
- 6. In order to facilitate reference for the statisticians of foreign countries, the Yearbook is written on a bilingual basis.
- 7. Data in this publication was sourced from forestry-related institutions, municipalities, and county governments. If any errors or omissions are found, feedback and corrections from related agencies and readers are highly welcomed.
- 8. In case of any figures different from those of previous editions, the statistical figures are revised; figures in this edition are preferable.